

Beyond 5G to 6G

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Evolving 5G, monetizing 5G to its full potential



First few years of 5G

1.6B¹
5G sub's
<19% of total

~40%¹
pop coverage
~60% to go

Enhancing the 5G networks

- 5G stand alone
- 5G slicing
- Carrier aggregation
- Network exposure
- RedCap
- All frequency bands

Monetizing 5G



5G still early in the cycle, continued network evolution needed

¹Dec. 2023

Differentiating traffic in high-performance networks



QoS/speed/latency

Dynamic control
Resource intense



TCO/simple operations

Wireless
as-a-service

Reliability

Flexible manufacturing
Broadcasting



Positioning & advanced capabilities

3D mapping
Location check

Coverage (in/outdoor, 3D)

Automated
guided vehicles



Security, ID & authentication

Identification
2-factor authentication
Secure access service edge

Use 5G to its full potential

Demanding 5G use cases already today



Prioritized communication



First Responder support



Optimized manufacturing

Car assembly plants



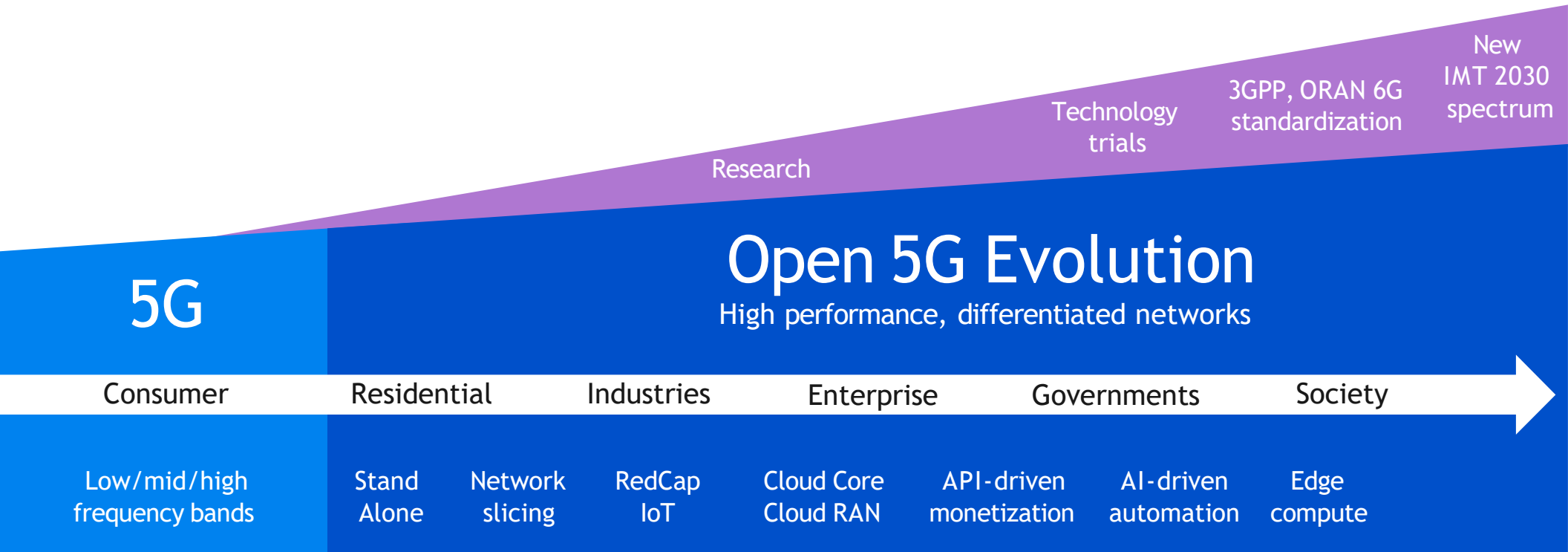
Real-time surgery

Holo-medicine with real-time XR



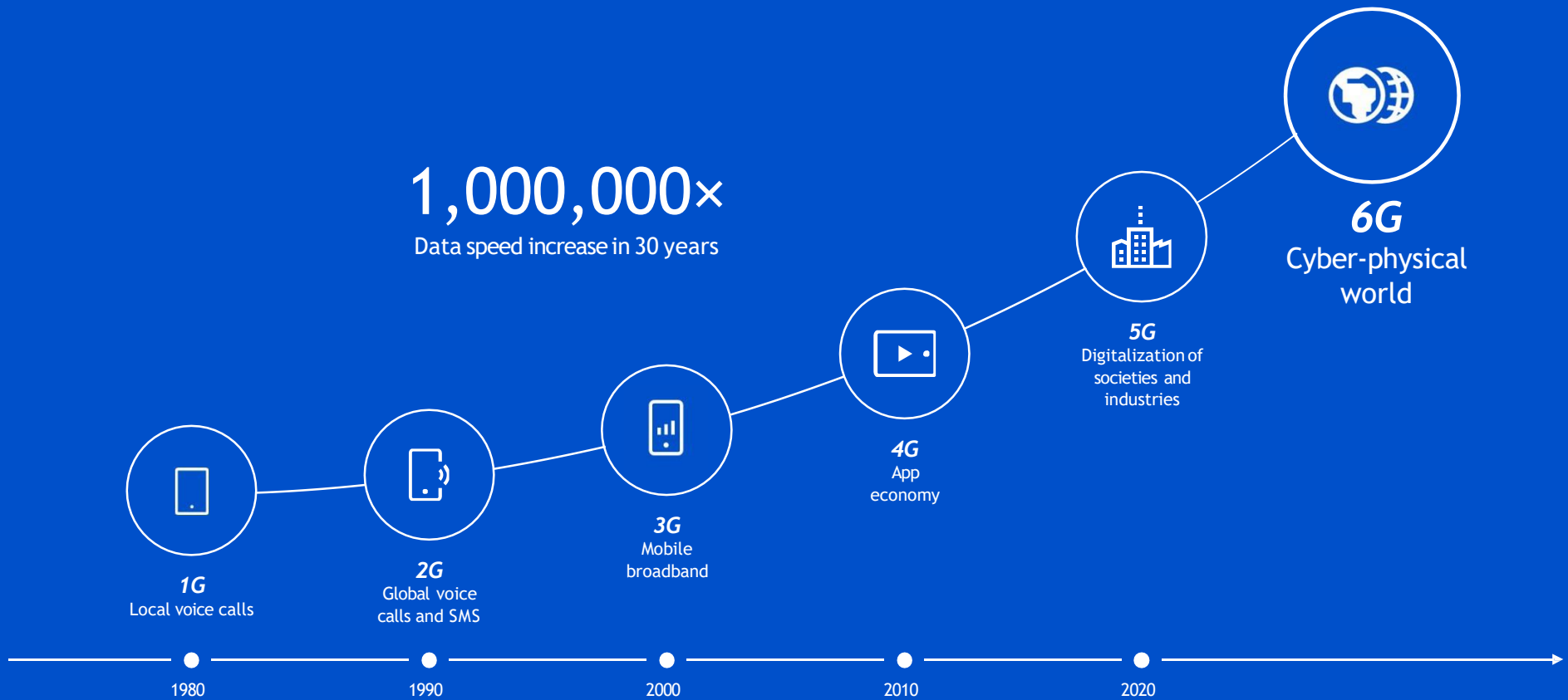
Long-term network evolution - for new needs

Continuous mobile innovation in hardware, software and automation



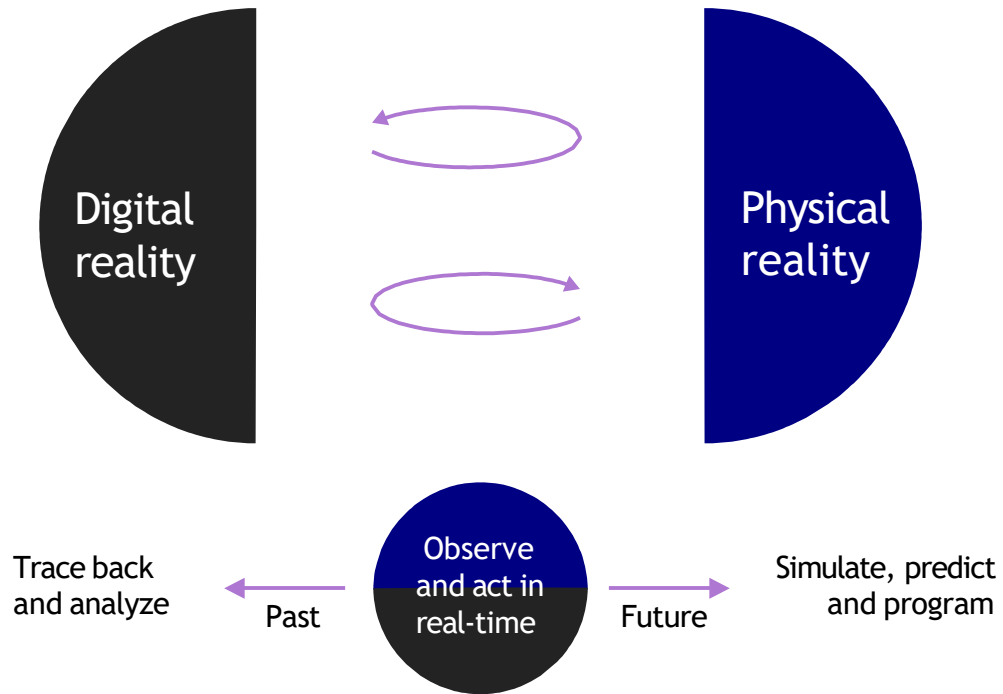
Networks will evolve with software capabilities for future services long into next decade

Driving mobile networks for new waves of innovation



Connecting a cyber-physical world

Wireless metaverses, twinning and more



What's in the cyber-physical world?



Massive merged reality



Massive twinning



Situational awareness



Sustainable food production



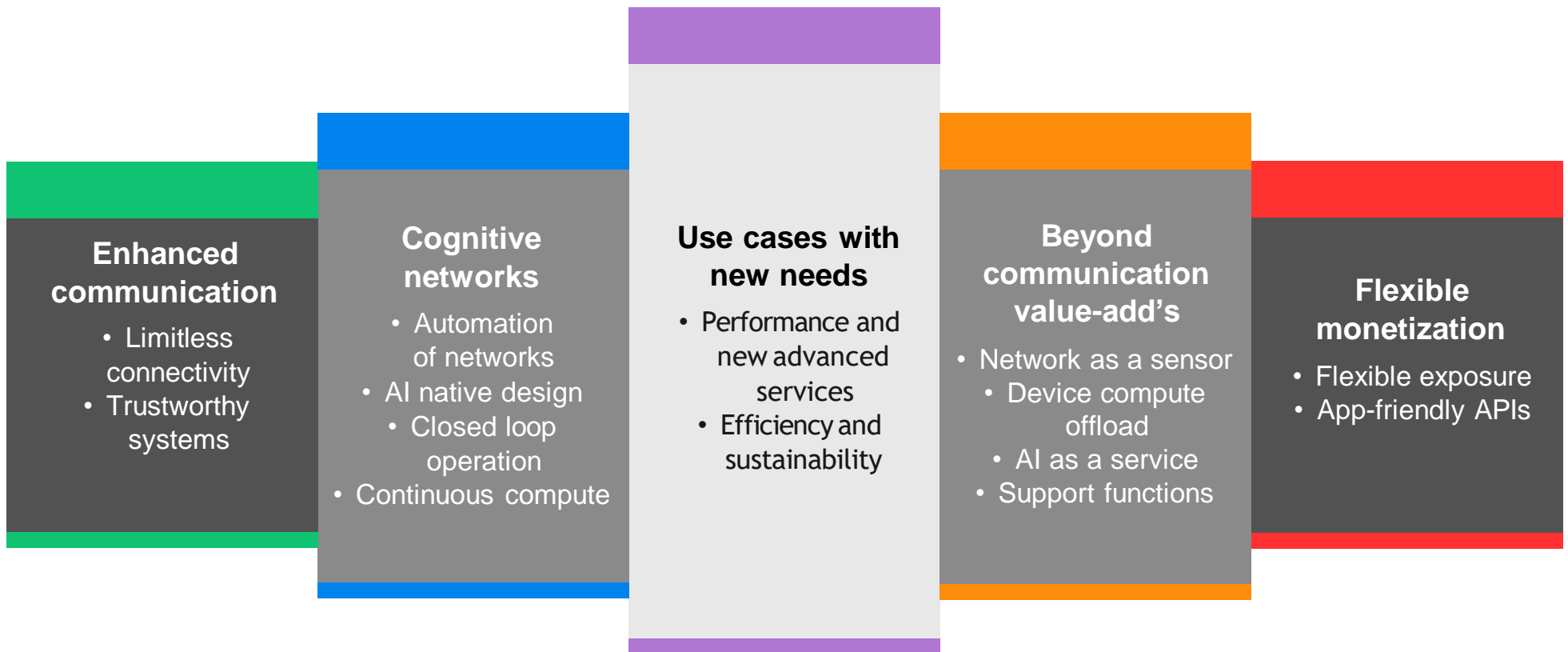
Efficient data



E-health for all



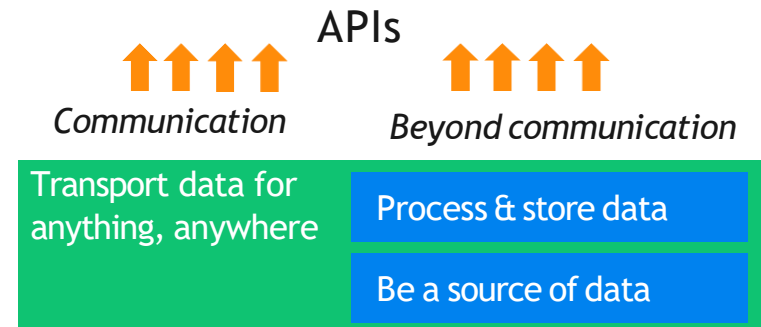
6G building blocks



Networks-driven versatile monetization



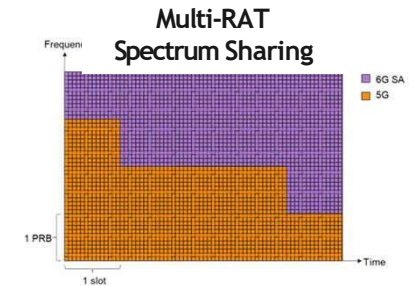
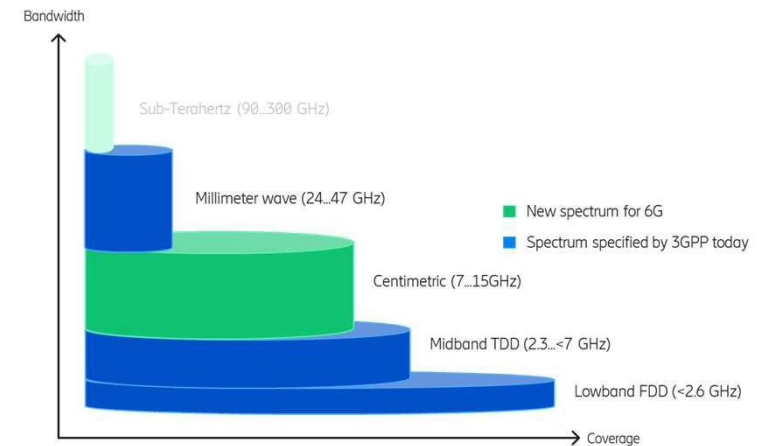
- Future networks should be designed to better interact directly with the app ecosystem
 - Tailored communication service APIs
- Future networks can also take a bigger role in the combined ecosystem
 - Data and information service APIs



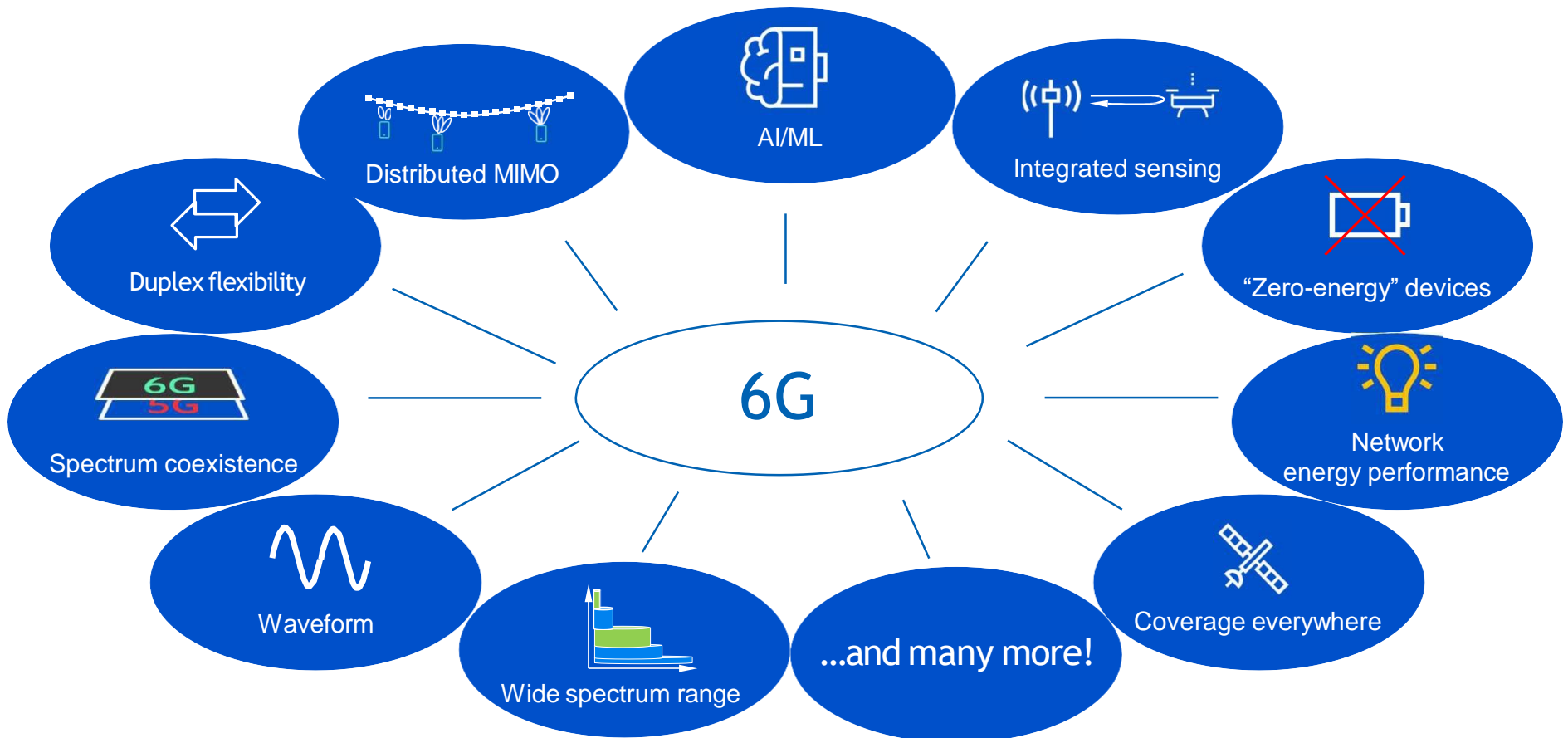
Key 6G principles

Minimize complexity, Maximize performance

- 6G RAN shall have a standalone architecture
- 6G RAN shall interface to an Evolved 5G Core
- The standardized 6G architecture should include key open interfaces
- 6G shall operate in all existing 3GPP bands and in new cmWave bands
- 6G Spectrum Sharing shall be supported between 5G and 6G
- 6G shall support new and evolved use cases, efficiently & sustainably



6G technology components

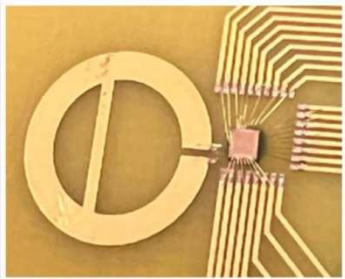


6G zero-energy devices

Massive IoT and Zero energy devices, shown at MWC23



Zero-energy IoT devices



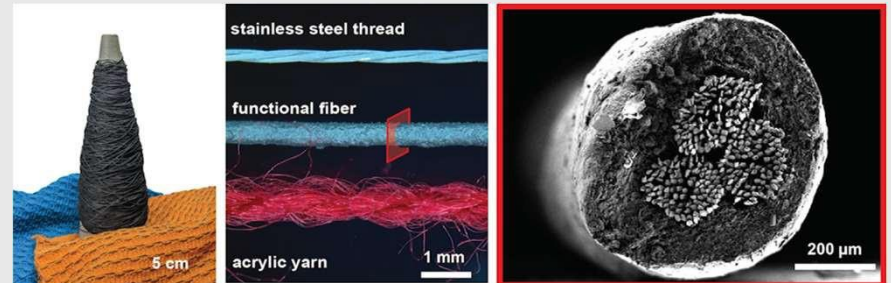
[2]

First prototype:

- Designed to fit with fabric
- No need for batteries

Potential future IoT device for 6G

Tactile textiles with piezoresistive fibers



[1]

Application potential:

- Feel body pressure and movements to monitor patient

Need low-energy connection to the mobile network

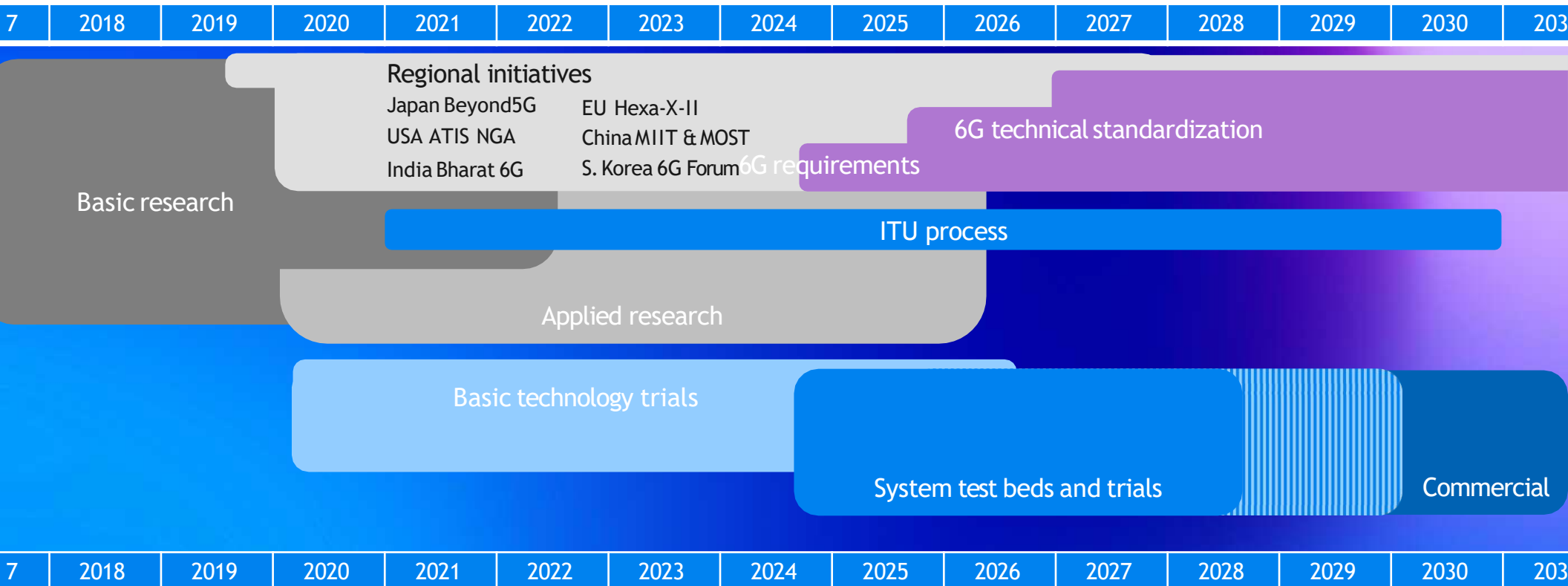
Long-term use case vision to study future network needs

Beyond5G technology qualification

- Lab and field trials are needed to assess key technology steps
- WRC23 identified study items in
 - 7-8 and 14-15 GHz bands
- Potential new radio units need to
 - manage scattered spectrum in a wide bandwidth
 - coexistence with incumbents (e.g. satellite service)
- Prototype equipment under study
 - Two wide-band power amplifiers



6G industry timeline



Pushing the boundaries with Beyond 5G / 6G



- Continued deployment and evolution of 5G necessary to support demanding services
- 5G experience will provide vital input to 6G definition
- Early 6G studies well on way in regional efforts
- Important to shape study inputs for standardization activities
- Technology trials will provide essential feedback



